

MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Requestor Name and Address

TEXAS HEALTH DBA INJURY 1 OF DALLAS 9330 LBJ FREEWAY SUITE 1000 DALLAS TEXAS 75243 DWC Claim #: Injured Employee: Date of Injury: Employer Name: Insurance Carrier #:

Respondent Name

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE CO

MFDR Tracking Number

M4-13-0414-01

Carrier's Austin Representative

Box Number 19

MFDR Date Received

October 9, 2012

REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "...it is our position that Sedgwick CMS has established an unfair and unreasonable time frame in paying for the services that were medically necessary and rendered to [injured employee]."

Amount in Dispute: \$204.70

RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Respondent's Position Summary: "Requestor billed \$55.00 under CPT Code 97530 and \$150.00 under CPT Code 97110. Carrier denied that reimbursement was owed as the medical bills had an inconsistent procedure code and modifier combination. Carrier maintains that the bill remains miscoded and reimbursement cannot be calculated and is not owed at this point."

Response Submitted by: Flahive, Ogden & Latson

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Dates of Service	Disputed Services	Amount In Dispute	Amount Due
April 25, 2012	97530 and 97110	\$204.70	\$189.97

FINDINGS AND DECISION

This medical fee dispute is decided pursuant to Texas Labor Code §413.031 and all applicable, adopted rules of the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation.

Background

- 1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307 sets out the procedures for resolving a medical fee dispute.
- 2. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 sets out the procedures for resolving professional medical services rendered on or after March 1, 2008.

3. The services in dispute were reduced/denied by the respondent with the following reason codes:

Explanation of benefits

- 4 This procedure code is inconsistent with the modifier used or a required modifier is missing. The appropriate modifier was not utilized
- 148 This procedure on this date was previously reviewed
- 18 Duplicate claim/service

<u>Issues</u>

- 1. Did the requestor the requestor submit documentation to support that the services rendered as billed?
- 2. Did the requestor submit documentation to support the billing of modifier -59?
- 3. Did the requestor bill for services in conflict with the NCCI edits?
- 4. Is the requestor entitled to reimbursement?

Findings

- 1. 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307 states in pertinent part, "(c) Requests. Requests for MFDR shall be filed in the form and manner prescribed by the division. Requestors shall file two legible copies of the request with the division. (2) Health Care Provider or Pharmacy Processing Agent Request. The requestor shall provide the following information and records with the request for MFDR in the form and manner prescribed by the division. The provider shall file the request with the MFDR Section by any mail service or personal delivery. The request shall include: (M) a copy of all applicable medical records related to the dates of service in dispute."
 - Review of the CMS-1500 documents that the requestor billed for one unit of 97530 and three units of 97110.
 - AMA CPT code 97530 is defined as "Therapeutic activities, direct (one-on-one) patient contact (use of dynamic activities to improve functional performance), each 15 minutes."
 - AMA CPT code 97110 is defined as "Therapeutic procedure, 1 or more areas, each 15 minutes; therapeutic exercises to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility."
 - Review of the submitted documentation dated April 25, 2012 titled "Rehabilitation Progress Note" supports that the requestor billed for CPT Codes 97530 (one unit) and 97110 (3 units) for a total time documented of 45 minutes.
 - CPT codes 97530 and 97110 will therefore be reviewed according to the applicable guidelines.
- 2. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 states in pertinent part, "(1) Medicare payment policies, including its coding; billing; correct coding initiatives (CCI) edits; modifiers; bonus payments for health professional shortage areas (HPSAs) and physician scarcity areas (PSAs); and other payment policies in effect on the date a service is provided with any additions or exceptions in the rules. (1) Medicare payment policies, including its coding; billing; correct coding initiatives (CCI) edits; modifiers; bonus payments for health professional shortage areas (HPSAs) and physician scarcity areas (PSAs); and other payment policies in effect on the date a service is provided with any additions or exceptions in the rules."
 - The requestor billed CPT code 97530-GP and 97110-GP per CMS-1500, however review of the EOB date May 9, 2012 documents that the carrier reviewed CPT code 97530-59 and 97110-59. Upon reconsideration the requestor billed the insurance carrier without modifier -59 and appended modifier GP to both 97530 and 97110.
 - The CPT Manual defines modifier -59 as follows: Modifier -59: "Distinct Procedural Service: Under certain circumstances, the physician may need to indicate that a procedure or service was distinct or independent from other services performed on the same day. Modifier 59 is used to identify procedures/services that are not normally reported together, but are appropriate under the circumstances. This may represent a different session or patient encounter, different procedure or surgery, different site or organ system, separate incision/excision, separate lesion, or separate injury (or area of injury in extensive injuries)not ordinarily encountered or performed on the same day by the same physician. However, when another already established modifier is appropriate, it should be used rather than modifier 59. Only if no more descriptive modifier is available, and the use of modifier 59 best explains the circumstances, should modifier 59 be used."

- 3. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 states in pertinent part, "(1) Medicare payment policies, including its coding; billing; correct coding initiatives (CCI) edits; modifiers; bonus payments for health professional shortage areas (HPSAs) and physician scarcity areas (PSAs); and other payment policies in effect on the date a service is provided with any additions or exceptions in the rules. (1) Medicare payment policies, including its coding; billing; correct coding initiatives (CCI) edits; modifiers; bonus payments for health professional shortage areas (HPSAs) and physician scarcity areas (PSAs); and other payment policies in effect on the date a service is provided with any additions or exceptions in the rules." NCCI edits were run to determine if edit conflicts exist for each disputed date of service indicated below. Review of the documentation finds the following;
 - The requestor billed the following CPT codes on April 25, 2012; 97530 and 97110.
 NCCI edits were run to determine if edit conflicts exist. No edit conflicts were identified for CPT codes 97530 and 97110, as a result reimbursement will be calculated according to the applicable guidelines.
- 4. 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.203 states in pertinent part, "(c) To determine the MAR for professional services, system participants shall apply the Medicare payment policies with minimal modifications: For service categories of Evaluation & Management, General Medicine, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Radiology, Pathology, Anesthesia, and Surgery when performed in an office setting, the established conversion factor to be applied is \$52.83. For Surgery when performed in a facility setting, the established conversion factor to be applied is \$66.32. (2) The conversion factors listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be the conversion factors for calendar year 2008. Subsequent year's conversion factors shall be determined by applying the annual percentage adjustment of the Medicare Economic Index (MEI) to the previous year's conversion factors, and shall be effective January 1st of the new calendar year. The following hypothetical example illustrates this annual adjustment activity if the Division had been using this MEI annual percentage adjustment: The 2006 Division conversion factor of \$50.83 (with the exception of surgery) would have been multiplied by the 2007 MEI annual percentage increase of 2.1 percent, resulting in the \$51.90 (with the exception of surgery) Division conversion factor in 2007."
 - Per Medicare policy, when more than one unit of designated therapy services is performed on the same day, full payment is made for the first unit of the procedure with the highest practice expense. Payment for each subsequent unit is reduced by 20% of the practice expense.
 - Date of service: April 25, 2012:
 - Procedure code 97530, service date April 25, 2012, represents a professional service with reimbursement determined per §134.203(c). The Medicare fee is the sum of the geographically adjusted work, practice expense and malpractice values multiplied by the conversion factor. The MAR is calculated by substituting the Division conversion factor. For this procedure, the relative value (RVU) for work of 0.44 multiplied by the geographic practice cost index (GPCI) for work of 1.009 is 0.44396. The practice expense (PE) RVU of 0.54 multiplied by the PE GPCI of 1.017 is 0.54918. The malpractice RVU of 0.01 multiplied by the malpractice GPCI of 0.834 is 0.00834. The sum of 1.00148 is multiplied by the Division conversion factor of \$54.86 for a MAR of \$54.94. Per Medicare policy, when more than one unit of designated therapy services is performed on the same day, full payment is made for the first unit of the procedure with the highest practice expense. Payment for each subsequent unit is reduced by 20% of the practice expense. This procedure has the highest PE for this date. The first unit is paid at \$54.94.
 - Procedure code 97110, service date April 25, 2012, represents a professional service with reimbursement determined per §134.203(c). The Medicare fee is the sum of the geographically adjusted work, practice expense and malpractice values multiplied by the conversion factor. The MAR is calculated by substituting the Division conversion factor. For this procedure, the relative value (RVU) for work of 0.45 multiplied by the geographic practice cost index (GPCI) for work of 1.009 is 0.45405. The practice expense (PE) RVU of 0.44 multiplied by the PE GPCI of 1.017 is 0.44748. The malpractice RVU of 0.01 multiplied by the malpractice GPCI of 0.834 is 0.00834. The sum of 0.90987 is multiplied by the Division conversion factor of \$54.86 for a MAR of \$49.92. Per Medicare policy, when more than one unit of designated therapy services is performed on the same day, full payment is made for the first unit of the procedure with the highest practice expense. Payment for each subsequent unit is reduced by 20% of the practice expense. This procedure does not have the highest PE for this date. The PE reduced rate is \$45.01 at 3 units is \$135.03.
- 5. Review of the submitted documentation finds that the requestor is entitled to additional reimbursement in the amount of \$189.97.

Conclusion

For the reasons stated above, the Division finds that the requestor has established that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$189.97.

ORDER

Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code Sections 413.031 and 413.019 (if applicable), the Division has determined that the requestor is entitled to additional reimbursement for the services involved in this dispute. The Division hereby ORDERS the respondent to remit to the requestor the amount of \$189.97 plus applicable accrued interest per 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.130, due within 30 days of receipt of this Order.

Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer

Authorized Signature

Signature

YOUR RIGHT TO APPEAL

July 26, 2013

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to seek review of this decision in accordance with 28 Texas Administrative Code §133.307, effective May 31, 2012, *37 Texas Register 3833*, **applicable to disputes filed on or after June 1, 2012**.

A party seeking review must submit a **Request to Schedule a Benefit Review Conference to Appeal a Medical Fee Dispute Decision** (form **DWC045M**) in accordance with the instructions on the form. The request must be received by the Division within **twenty** days of your receipt of this decision. The request may be faxed, mailed or personally delivered to the Division using the contact information listed on the form or to the field office handling the claim.

The party seeking review of the MDR decision shall deliver a copy of the request to all other parties involved in the dispute at the same time the request is filed with the Division. **Please include a copy of the** *Medical Fee* **Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision** together with any other required information specified in 28 Texas Administrative Code §141.1(d).

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.